

Jade sp. (Crassula Ovata) Care

About Jade plants

Jade plants are desert native succulents which store significant amounts of water in their waxy, fleshy leaves. They are extremely hardy species with striking foliage.

Placement

Being desert species, jade plants prefer full, bright sun for up to 8-10 hours per day. They are considered a tropical species and should be protected from any temperatures below 50 degrees. This makes them suitable for indoor bonsai.

Watering

Allow the roots and soil to dry completely between waterings. Overwatering Jade species can easily cause root rot.

Fertilizing

Fertilize bi-weekly during summer growing season with balanced liquid or pellet fertilizer. Reduce feeding during winter dormancy.

Pruning & Trimming

Prune long branches back to leaf sprouting points. New branches will sprout from the cut point.

Repotting

Repot every 2-3 years in coarse, fast draining soil.

Diseases, Insects & Other Pests

Aphids, mites, mealybugs. Use insecticidal soap as directed.

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